

Former Fort Ord Monterey County California

Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

Update

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Ahtna

Definitions



AFFF – aqueous film-forming foam

Aquifer – a body of rock or soil that is sufficiently permeable for groundwater to flow and serve as a water source

DoD – Department of Defense

FAAF – Fritzsche Army Airfield

FTA – fire training area

Groundwater – all water under the ground, not water on the surface (rivers, lakes, etc.)

OU – Operable Unit, discrete portion of remedial response that manages migration, or eliminates or mitigates a pathway of exposure.

PA – Preliminary Assessment

PFAS – per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances

PFOS – perfluorooctane sulfonate

PFOA – perfluorooctanoic acid

SI – Site Inspection

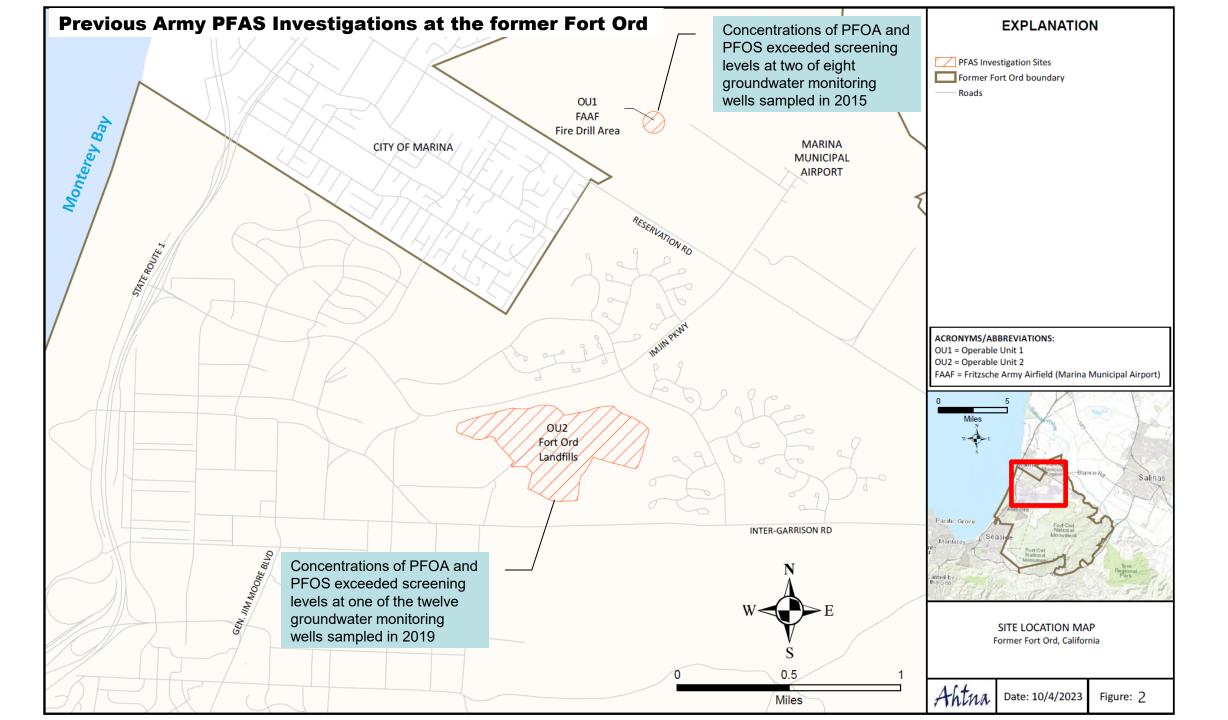
STP – sewage treatment plant

USEPA – U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

PFAS Background

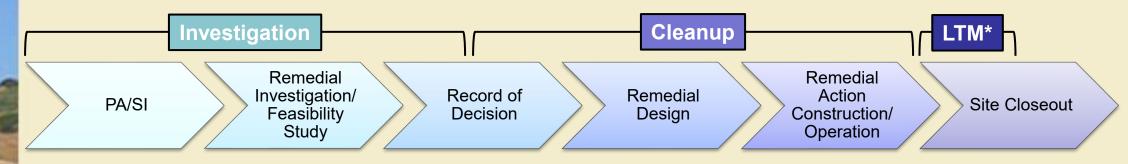
- Resistant to heat, water, and oil originally developed in the 1930s.
- Included in many consumer and industrial products by the 1950s
- ➤ 1970s DoD began using Aqueous Film-Forming Foam (AFFF) that contained PFAS because it quickly extinguishes petroleum-based fires.
- Found in people, the environment, and wildlife and do not break down easily.
- Perfluorooctane sulfonate (PFOS) and perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) – historically the most widely-used throughout the United States.
- DoD and USEPA have established screening levels for eight PFAS, including PFOA and PFOS, in drinking water and soil. https://www.epa.gov/risk/regional-screening-levelsrsls-generic-tables.
- Screening levels are used when a potential site is initially investigated to determine if potentially significant levels of contamination are present to warrant further investigation.





PFAS Preliminary Assessment/Site Inspection (PA/SI) at the former Fort Ord

The Army follows the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) process to fully investigate releases, prioritize responses, and determine appropriate cleanup actions based on risk.



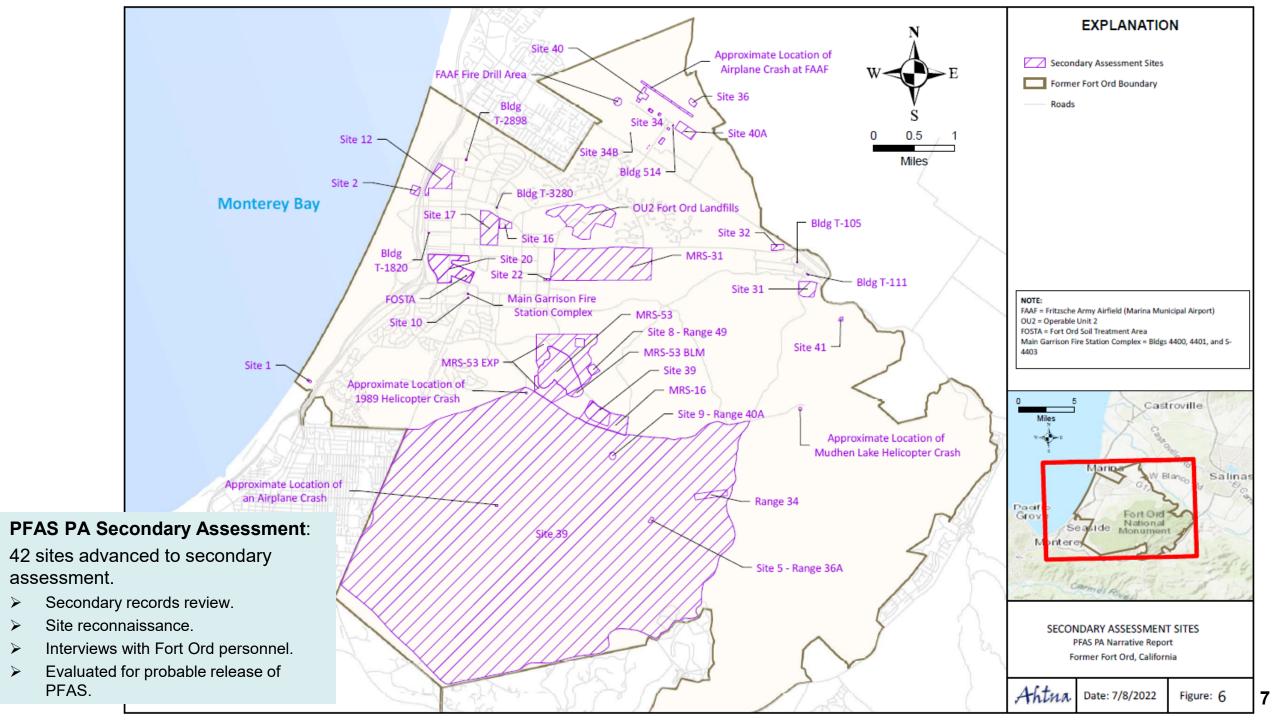
- * LTM = Long-Term Management
- ➤ In 2022, the Army reviewed historical activities at former Fort Ord sites for potential releases of PFAS in a Preliminary Assessment (PA).
- ➤ PA Narrative Report available at https://docs.fortordcleanup.com/ar_pdfs/AR-BW-2904B//BW-2904B.pdf.
- > Results indicate limited historical use of PFAS-containing material.
- ➤ In 2022-2023, the Army conducted further investigation in a Site Inspection (SI).
- SI Narrative Report available at https://docs.fortordcleanup.com/ar_pdfs/AR-BW-2942A//BW-2942A.pdf

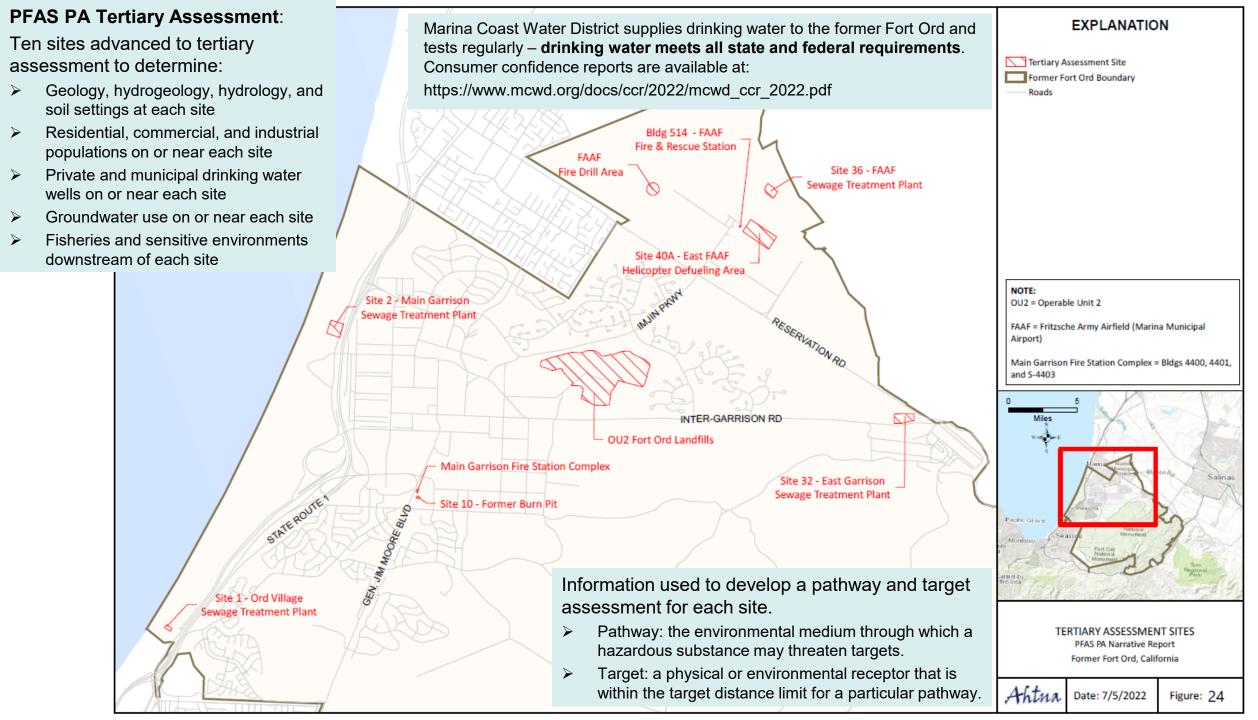
PFAS PA Site Assessment Process



PA Primary Assessment: review of historical records to determine if uses listed below occurred while Fort Ord was still an active Army facility; 103 sites were evaluated.

- > Fire training areas (FTAs)
- > AFFF storage locations (e.g., fire stations)
- > Aircraft crash sites where AFFF may have been applied for fire control
- ➤ Aviation hangars and other buildings or fuel storage areas where AFFF was used in the fire suppression system and where a release may have occurred
- ➤ Other aviation assets (runways, fuel farms, defueling areas) where fuel- or petroleum-based fires may have occurred and AFFF may have been applied
- Landfills and waste disposal areas where PFAS-containing materials may have been disposed
- Wastewater treatment plants that may have received liquid effluents from facilities that used or disposed of PFAS
- > AFFF firefighting equipment testing and washout discharge locations





PFAS PA/SI at the former Fort Ord



SI Investigation:

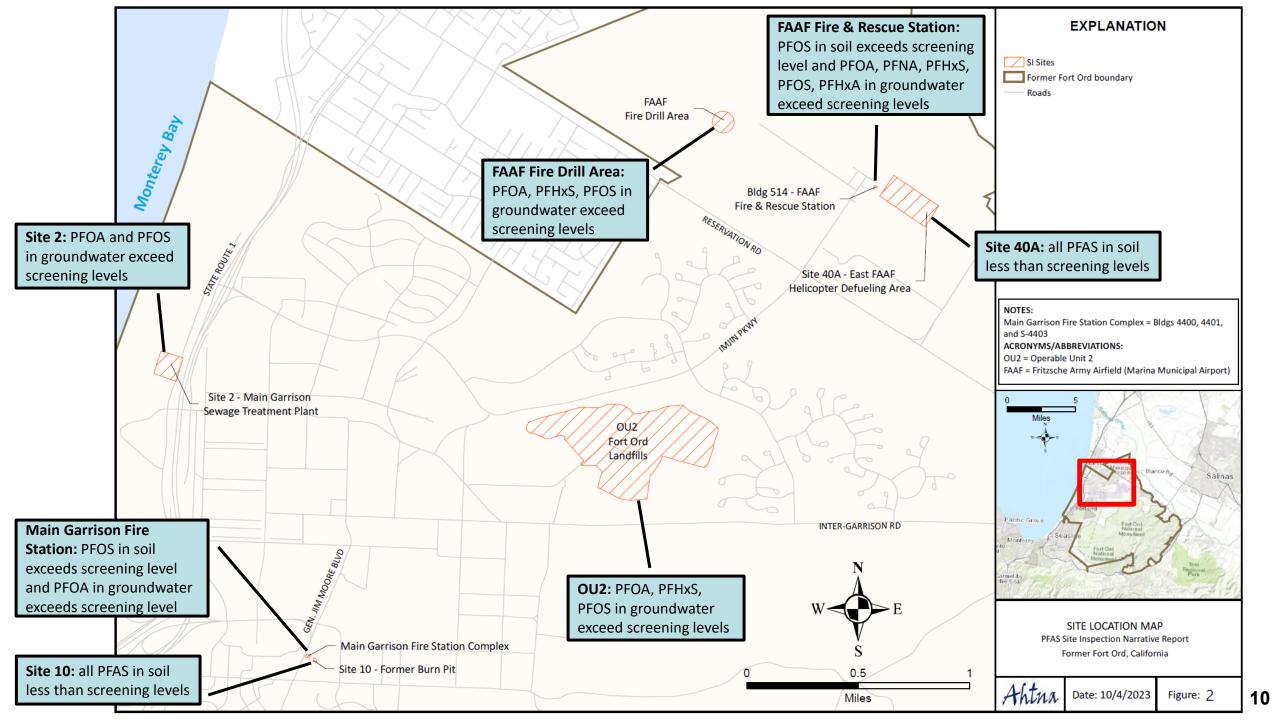
Seven sites identified in the PA Narrative Report as warranting further investigation advanced to the SI:

- ➤ Site 2: Main Garrison Sewage Treatment Plant (STP)
- > Site 10: Former Burn Pit
- ➤ Site 40A: East FAAF Helicopter Defueling Area
- > FAAF Fire & Rescue Station
- Main Garrison Fire Station
- > FAAF Fire Drill Area
- > OU2: Fort Ord Landfills

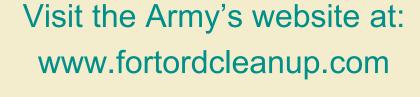
The SI:

- ➤ Determines whether PFAS are present in soil and groundwater by collecting data from sites where probable PFAS releases occurred.
- > Is not a study of the full extent of contamination at a site or a risk assessment.

If SI indicates a release occurred, additional investigation may be conducted to quantify the nature and extent of contamination.



For Additional Information



Visit the Fort Ord Administrative Record at:

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Ord Military Community

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Visit the MCWD website at:

www.mcwd.org

2022 Consumer Confidence Report is available at:

https://www.mcwd.org/docs/ccr/2022/mcwd_ccr_2022.pdf

